**QUES 1**

GitHub

GitLab

Beanstalk

Perforce

Apache subversion

AWS CodeCommit

**QUES 2**

REPOSITORY: A directory or storage space where your projects can live. Sometimes GitHub users shorten this to “repo.” It can be local to a folder on your computer, or it can be a storage space on GitHub or another online host. You can keep code files, text files, image files, you name it, inside a repository.

**QUES 3**

FAST FORWARD

A fast forward merge can occur when there is a linear path from the current branch tip to the target branch , instead of actually merging the branches all git has to do to integrate the histories is move the current branch tip up to the target branch tip. This effectively combines the histories, since all of the commits reachable from the target branch are now available through the current one.

3-WAY MERGE

This is used when several developers are working on a project simultaneously. A three-way merge involves three snapshots. Two are the ones that are involved in a two-way merge, and the third one is the base file or the common ancestor with which these two files will be compared.

**QUES 4**

Git add foobar.txt

Git commit-m “change foobar”

Git push

**QUES-5**

<https://github.com/chhabrahardik09>

**QUES 6**

<https://github.com/chhabrahardik09/git-learning>

**QUES 7**

SPECIALIZATION CERT:

<https://coursera.org/share/337d095089c6bedd804ef117e2885276>

**QUES 8**